

Press notice

9 July 2019

### **Common Barn starts receiving CfD payments on reaching operational milestone**

Low Carbon Contracts Company (LCCC) is delighted to announce that the Common Barn onshore wind farm started to receive CfD payments for generated electricity on 18 June. Common Barn is the smallest generator (6.15MW) so far to have passed all the Contracts for Difference (CfD) Operational Conditions Precedent (OCPs) and achieved a start date.

Owner	Project	Location	Technology	Start date	Capacity
TCI Renewables	<b>Common Barn</b>	St Neots, Cambridgeshire	Onshore wind farm	18 June 2019	6.15MW

Common Barn brings the CfD live portfolio to a total of 3,850.62MW of operational capacity, of which 467.99MW is from onshore wind.

Common Barn is located in St Neots, Cambridgeshire and comprises three 2.05MW Senvion wind turbines. Its Contract for Difference (CfD) was awarded in the first Allocation Round in early 2015.

Neil McDermott, LCCC Chief Executive, said: "I am delighted that Common Barn is contributing additional operational low carbon capacity for GB consumers. Congratulations on this achievement".

ENDS

Notes to Editor:

- Low Carbon Contracts Company (LCCC) is the designated CfD Counterparty to Contracts for Difference (CfDs) and Investment Contracts awarded to generators under the government's CfD scheme.

- The CfD scheme delivers outcomes in support of the government's objectives of ensuring the UK has reliable, affordable, and clean electricity.
- LCCC manages a portfolio of Contracts for Difference (CfDs) with low carbon generators building over 13GW of new capacity. The current CfD portfolio consists of advanced conversion technologies, biomass conversion, dedicated biomass and energy from waste with CHP, onshore and offshore wind, solar plants and the Hinkley Point C nuclear power plant.
- The load factors used in the homes powered calculation are based on reference load factors for new build plants published by BEIS for given technology types (<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/renewables-obligation-level-calculations-2019-to-2020>). This calculation also uses an average domestic consumption per household of 3,921 kWh/year has been used for this calculation. This is based on the BEIS electricity consumption statistics for GB in 2017: (<https://www.gov.uk/government/statistical-data-sets/regional-and-local-authority-electricity-consumption-statistics>).
- For more information, please visit our website [www.lowcarboncontracts.uk](http://www.lowcarboncontracts.uk) or email [info@lowcarboncontracts.uk](mailto:info@lowcarboncontracts.uk).